DUX PAINT LLC.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 15/Jul/2015

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product Description: GS-1 Q.D. Gilding Size

Other means of identification

Chemical Family Oil Modified Phenolic

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Intended Use Gilding Adhesive
Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

Dux Paint LLC. 18 mill Street Lodi, NJ 07644 USA

Tel +1-973-473-2376 Fax +1-973-473-1648 **Emergency Telephone** (INFOTRAC) 1-800-535-5053

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Carcinogenicity Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2

Flammable liquids Category 3

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard Statements

Suspected of causing cancer

Causes damage to the central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance Clear Amber Physical State Liquid Odor Mild Petroleum

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other Information

May be harmful in contact with skin

Causes mild skin irritation

Unknown acute toxicity

60.1 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

Unknown aquatic toxicity 61.5 % of the

 $61.5\ \%$ of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic

environment

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Oil Modified Phenolic	Proprietary	59 - 61	
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	37 - 39	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 2	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.2 - 0.4	

If CAS number is "proprietary", the specific chemical identity and percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Eye Contact Move individual away from exposure. Immediately flush eyes with large quantities of clean

water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air. Keep warm and quiet. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If

breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL

ATTENTION.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. This material may enter the

lungs during vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. GET

IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Most Important Symptoms and

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause CNS-depression and narcosis.

Effects

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Dry chemical, Water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion products Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion/Explosion HazardsCombustible liquid. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Air oxidation of this product may cause it to spontaneously combust.

To avoid spontaneous combustion, prevent residue build-up and soak soiled rags, spray-booth filter and over-spray in a closed water-filled metal container. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed. Closed containers may

rupture when exposed to extreme heat.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective clothing. Thoroughly decontaminate all protective equipment after use. Evacuate all persons from the fire area to a safe location. Move non-burning material, as feasible, to a safe location as soon as possible. Fire fighters should be protected from potential explosion hazard while extinguishing the blaze. DO NOT extinguish a fire resulting from the flow of this combustible liquid until the flow of liquid is effectively shut off. This precaution will help prevent the accumulation of an explosive vapor-air mixture after the initial fire is extinguished. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do

not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Beware of vapors accumulating to

form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent spilled material from 1) contaminating soil, 2) entering sanitary sewers, storm

sewers, and drainage systems, and 3) entering bodies of water or ditches that lead to waterways. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

Methods for Clean-up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder,

sawdust).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Handling Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools

and explosion-proof equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep containers tightly closed

in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits

Stoddard Solvent (CAS #: 8052-41-3)

ACGIH TLV 100 ppm TWA
OSHA PEL 500 ppm TWA
2900 mg/m³ TWA
Canada - Alberta OELs 100 ppm TWA

Canada - Alberta GELS

572 mg/m³ TWA

Canada - Ontario OELs

525 mg/m³ TWA

Canada - British Columbia OELs

290 mg/m³ TWA

580 mg/m³ STEL
NIOSH IDLH
20000 mg/m³ Immediately dangerous to life or health IDLH

Mexico OEL 200 ppm STEL 1050 mg/m³ STEL

100 ppm TWA 523 mg/m³ TWA

Xylene (CAS #: 1330-20-7)

ACGIH TLV 100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL

A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

OSHA PEL 100 ppm TWA

Canada - Alberta OELs 435 mg/m³ TWA
150 ppm STEL
651 mg/m³ STEL
100 ppm TWA

100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m³ TWA 100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA

Canada - British Columbia OELs 100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL

Mexico OEL 150 ppm STEL 150 ppm STEL 655 mg/m³ STEL 100 ppm TWA

435 mg/m³ TWA

Ethylbenzene (CAS #: 100-41-4)

Canada - Ontario OELs

ACGIH TLV 20 ppm TWA

A3 Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to

Humans

OSHA PEL 100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m³ TWA

Canada - Alberta OELs 125 ppm STEL 543 mg/m³ STEL

100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m3 TWA 100 ppm TWA

125 ppm STEL

Canada - British Columbia OELs 20 ppm TWA

NIOSH IDLH 800 ppm Immediately dangerous to life or health IDLH

Mexico OEL 125 ppm STEL 545 mg/m³ STEL 100 ppm TWA

435 mg/m3 TWA

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TLV® (Threshold Limit Value)

Canada - Ontario OELs

TWA (time-weighted average)

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Use general ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations to levels that are below

regulatory and recommended occupational exposure limits. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur:. Tight sealing safety **Eye/face Protection**

goggles. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation

location.

Skin Protection Gloves made of Viton®. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and

> breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the

danger of cuts, abrasion. Chemical resistant apron. Boots.

None required if hazards have been assessed and airborne concentrations are maintained **Respiratory Protection**

below the exposure limits listed in Section 8. Wear an approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges where airborne concentrations may exceed exposure limits in Section 8. Use an approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with emergency escape provisions if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, airborne

concentrations are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators

may not provide adequate protection

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Clear Amber Mild Petroleum Odor

Odor Threshold 20 ppm (Xylene) Liquid

Physical State

рH No information available 42 °C / 108 °F **Flash Point**

Seta closed cup Flash Point Method:

500°F - 980°F / 260°C - 527°C **Autoignition Temperature** Boiling point / boiling range 279°F - 388°F / 137°C - 198°C Melting point / Freezing point No information available

Flammability Limit in Air

Lower 0.8% Upper 6.6%

Specific Gravity 0.887 - 0.910 @ 25°C Insoluble (Water) Solubility **Evaporation rate** 0.18 - 0.86 (BuAc = 1)

Vapor Pressure 2.03 - 9 mmHg @ 68°F/20°C **Vapor Density** 3.66 - 4.9 (Air = 1)**Explosive properties** No information available

Oxidizing Properties No information available 39 - 41 % by weight Percent Volatile, wt.%

359 g/l (calculated) product as supplied **VOC Content (%):**

3 - 3.4 Stokes @ 25°C **Viscosity** Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) No information available No information available **Decomposition temperature**

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Contamination.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocarbons.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin absorption **Primary Routes of Entry**

Acute toxicity **Stoddard Solvent**

> > 15000 mg/kg (rat) Oral LD50 > 3160 mg/kg (rabbit) **Dermal LD50**

Xylene

= 4300 mg/kg (Rat) Oral LD50 = 4820 mg/kg (Rat)

Dermal LD50 > 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Ethylbenzene

= 3500 mg/kg (Rat) Oral LD50

= 4820 mg/kg (Rat)

Dermal LD50 = 15354 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Eyes Mild eye irritation.

Skin Mild skin irritant. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Can be absorbed

through skin.

Inhalation Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause CNS-depression and narcosis.

Ingestion Ingestion (swallowing) may irritate the mouth, throat and stomach. Aspiration into lungs

may cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. Ingestion is not an anticipated route of

exposure for this material in industrial use.

Sensitization Not sensitizing.

Repeated dose toxicity Repeated overexposure to xylene via the inhalation route, has caused a hearing loss in

laboratory animals.

Mutagenic effects No information available.

Carcinogenicity .

Xylene

ACGIH A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

Ethylbenzene

ACGIH A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

Legend ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Reproductive ToxicityNo information available.

Developmental Toxicity High exposures to xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health

effects on the developing embryo/fetus. These effects were often at levels toxic to the mother. The significance of these findings to humans has not been determined. Ethyl Benzene has been shown to be fetotoxic in laboratory animals at maternally toxic levels.

Neurological Effects No information available.

STOT - single exposureNo information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Target organ(s) Central nervous system (CNS), Liver, Kidney, Lungs.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Unknown acute toxicity 60.1 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) 5015 mg/kg ATEmix (dermal) 2996 mg/kg ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 327 mg/L

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Xylene

Log Kow 2.77 - 3.15 Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 0.6 - 15

Algae EC50 = 11 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h) Fish LC50 = 13.4 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) flow-through LC50 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (96 h) static

LC50 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (96 h)

LC50 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96 h) flow-through

LC50 = 19 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96 h)

LC50 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96 h) static LC50 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) static

LC50 = 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio) (96 h) semi-static

LC50 > 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio) (96 h)

LC50 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) (96 h) static

Water Flea EC50 = 3.82 mg/L 48 h LC50 = 0.6 mg/L 48 h

Ethylbenzene

Log Kow 3.118 Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 15 fish

Algae EC50 = 4.6 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)

EC50 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h) EC50 = 11 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)

Fish LC50 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (96 h) static

LC50 = 4.2 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (96 h) semi-static LC50 7.55 - 11 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) flow-through

LC50 = 32 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96 h) static LC50 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) static

LC50 = 9.6 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) (96 h) static

Water Flea EC50 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L 48 h

Unknown aquatic toxicity

61.5 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Persistence/Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal ConsiderationsHazardous waste. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

US EPA Waste Number D001 (IGNITABLE): When discarded in its purchased form, this material would be regulated

under 40 CFR 261.21 as EPA Hazardous Waste Number D001 based on the characteristic

of ignitability.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN-No UN1866

Proper Shipping Name HOT RESIN SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III
NAERG: 127

DOT Exemption: This material has a flash point at or above 38°C and may be re-classed as a combustible

liquid. A combustible liquid in a non-bulk package (<119 gallons) is exempt from the Hazardous Material Regulations unless shipped by vessel or aircraft. Reference 49 CFR 173.150(f). The transport information may vary with the container and mode of transport.

TDG

UN-No UN3256

Proper Shipping Name ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

Technical Name: XYLENE

STODDARD SOLVENT

Hazard Class CLASS 3
Packing Group PG III

Marine Pollutant STODDARD SOLVENT

NAERG: 128

TDG Exemption: The transport information may vary with the container and mode of transport

MEX

UN-No UN1866

Proper Shipping Name RESIN SOLUTION

Hazard Class CLASS 3
Packing Group PG III
NAERG: 127

IATA

UN-No UN1866

Proper Shipping Name RESIN SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III
Packing Instructions 355; 366
NAERG: 127

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1866

Proper Shipping Name RESIN SOLUTION

Hazard Class CLASS 3
Packing Group PG III
EmS-No F-E, S-E

Marine Pollutant STODDARD SOLVENT

NAERG: 127

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Inventory Status: All components of this material are listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

inventory.

Canadian Inventory Status: All components of this material are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Australian Inventory Status: This product contains one or more chemicals currently not on the Australian Inventory of

Chemical Substances

Korean Inventory Status: This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Korean Chemical

Substances List

Philippine Inventory: All components of this material are listed on or are exempt from the Philippine Inventory of

Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Japan ENCS: This product contains one or more chemicals currently not on the Japanese Inventory of

Existing and New Chemical Substances

Chinese IECS: This product contains one or more chemicals currently not on the Chinese Inventory of

Existing Chemical Substances

New Zealand Inventory:All components of this material are listed on or are exempt from the New Zealand Inventory

of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) - Export Notification:

This material does not contain any components that are subject to the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification requirements.

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 Status
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 2	Listed
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.2 - 0.4	Listed

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following listed substances:

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Xylene 1330-20-7	100 lb			Listed
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	1000 lb	Listed	Listed	Listed

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	HAPS data
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 2	Listed
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.2 - 0.4	Listed

CERCLA

This product contains the following reportable quantities:

Component	40 CFR 302.4 RQ	40 CFR 355 EHS TPQs
Xylene	100 lb	
·	45.4 kg	
Ethylbenzene	1000 lb	
	454 ka	

Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

This product does not contain any listed substances.

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This material contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. The California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 requires that clear and reasonable warning be given prior to exposing any person to this chemical.

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating Health 2 Flammability 2 Instability 0

Prepared By Dux Paint Product Regulatory Department

Phone Number: 973-473-2376

Revision Date 15/Jul/2015

Revision Summary: This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s):

1

Former date 16 March 2015

This information is provided in good faith and is correct to the best of Dux Paint's knowledge as of the date hereof and is designed to assist our customers; however, Dux Paint makes no representation as to its completeness or accuracy. Our products are intended for sale to industrial and commercial customers. We require customers to inspect and test our products before use and to satisfy themselves as to suitability for their specific applications. Any use which Dux Paint customers or third parties make of this information, or any reliance on, or decisions made based upon it, are the responsibility of such customer or third party. Dux Paint disclaims responsibility for damages, or liability, of any kind resulting from the use of this information. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THIS INFORMATION OR TO THE PRODUCT IT DESCRIBES. IN NO EVENT SHALL REICHHOLD BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

End of Safety Data Sheet